



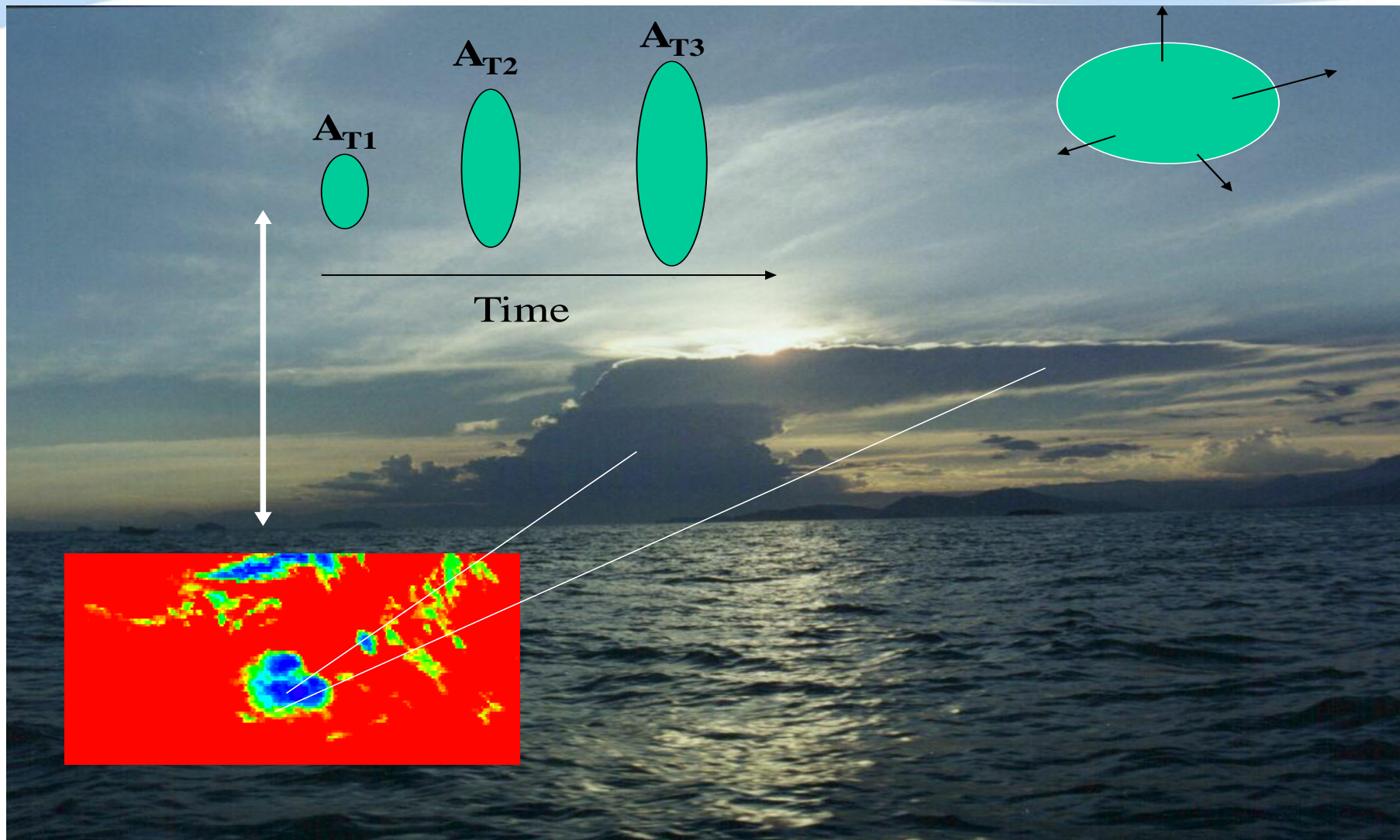
The Use of Geostationary Satellite Data for Nowcasting – Part 1

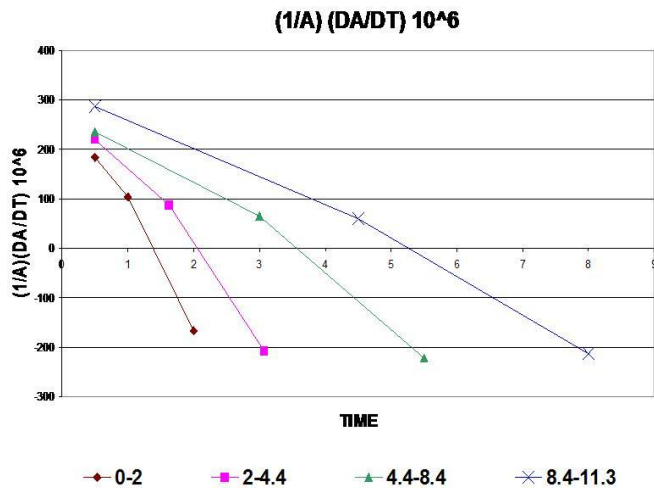
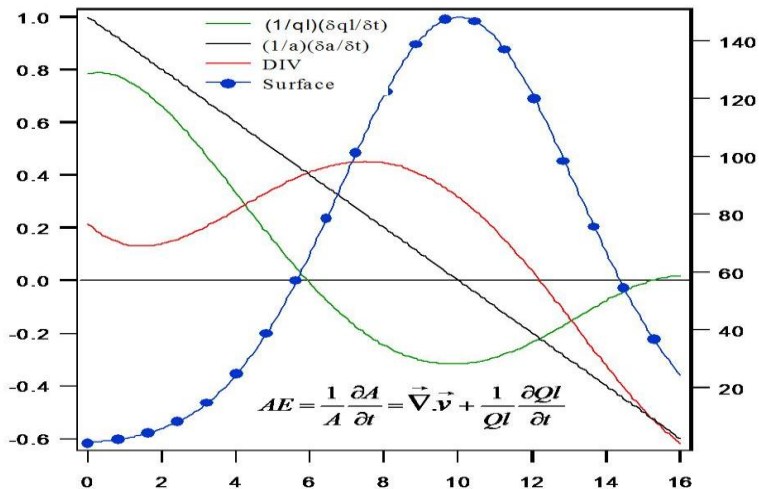
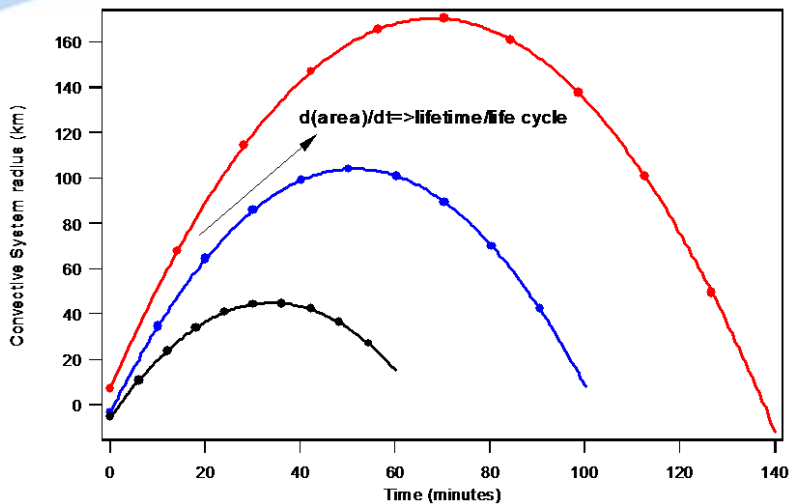
Luiz Augusto T. Machado

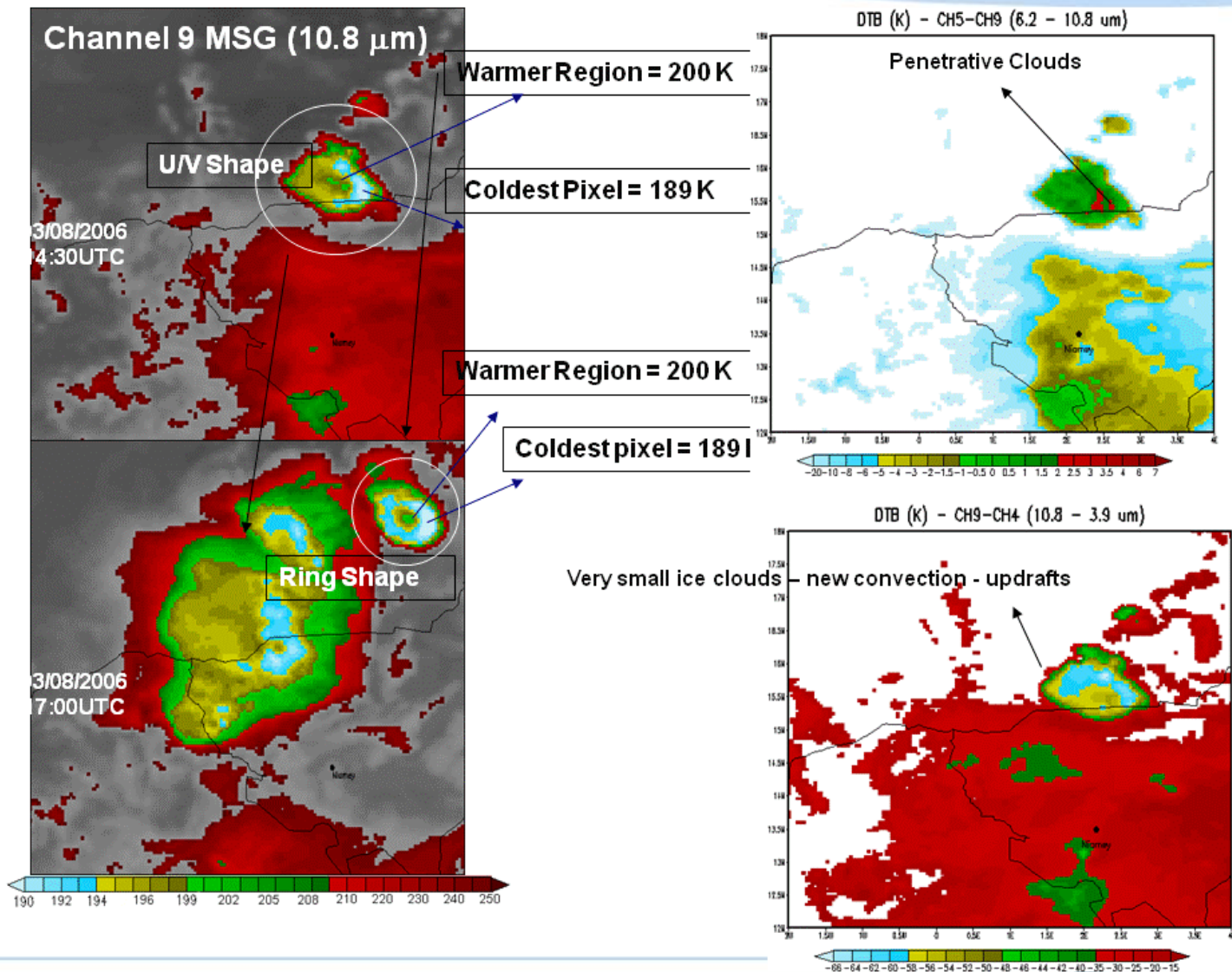
luiz.machado@cptec.inpe.br



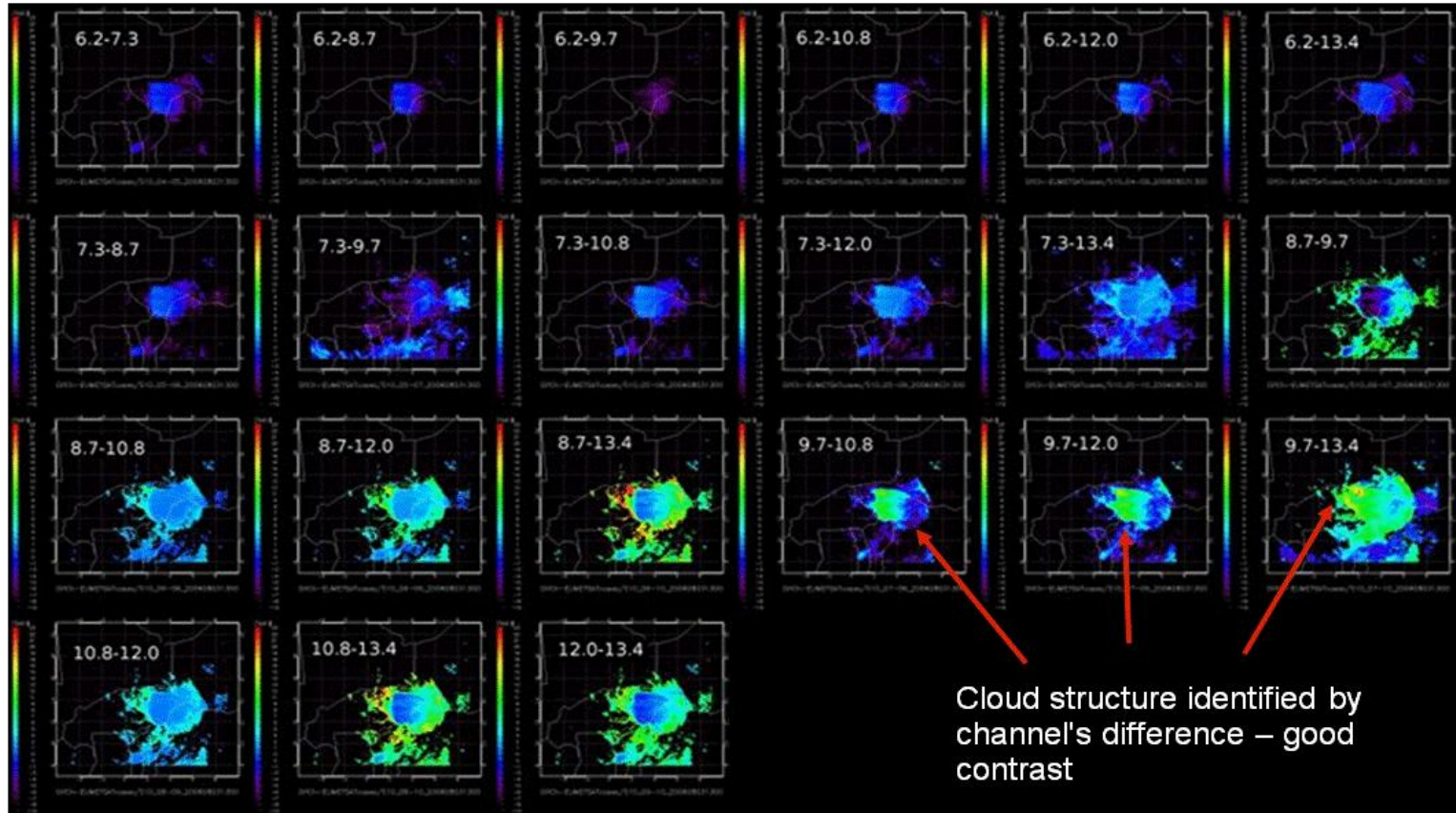
- ✓ The ForTraCC – Forecasting and Tracking Cloud Clusters.
- ✓ The use of Multichannel to improve knowledge about MCS structure
- ✓ The Detection of MCS Lightning Activities







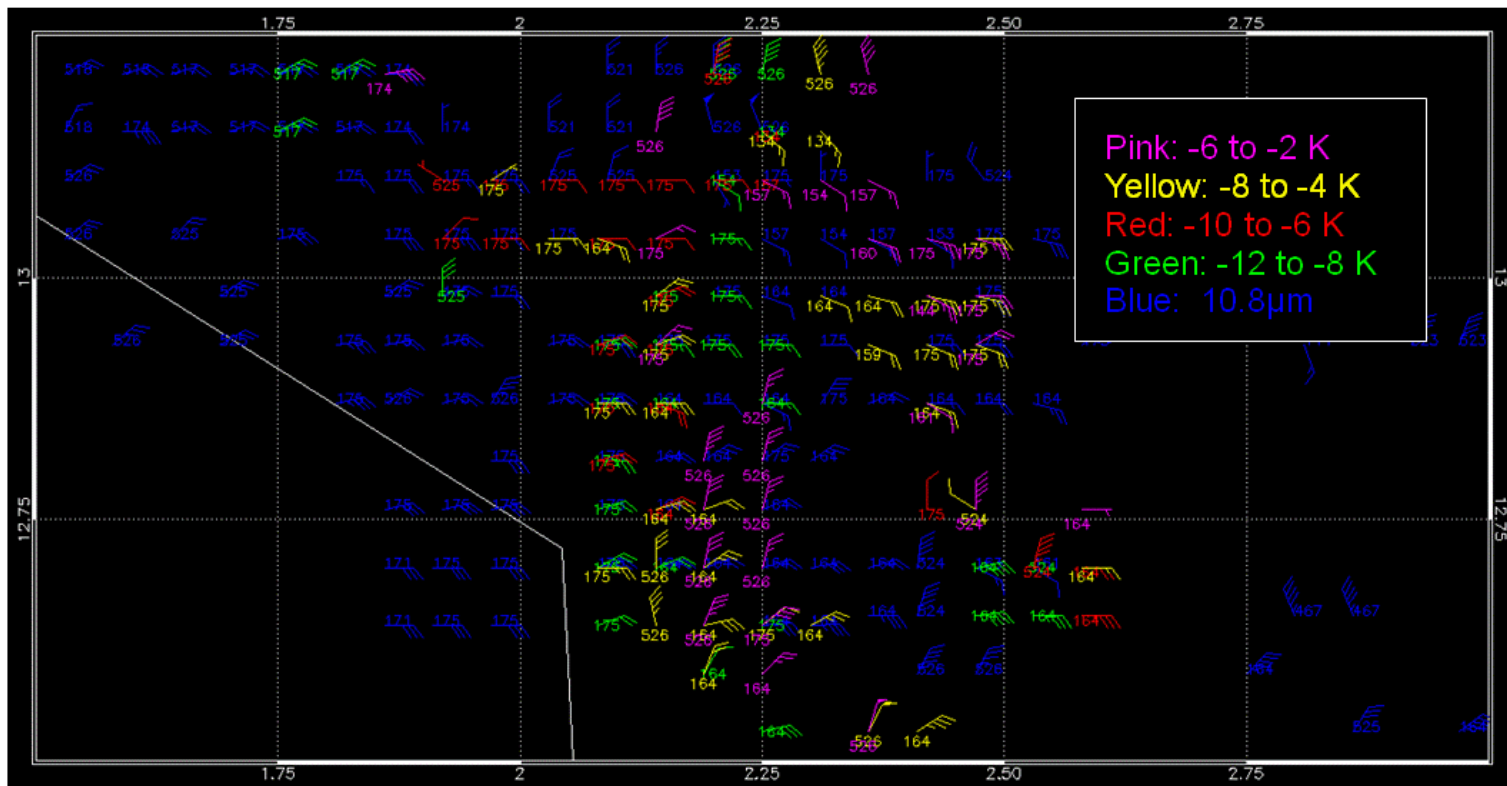
SEVIRI channel combinations for a same scene



Colorbar: -25 K (purple) to 25 K (red)

Results from Renato Galante Phd. Degree

6.2 μm – 10.8 μm channel difference and 10.8 μm for 12:45 UTC

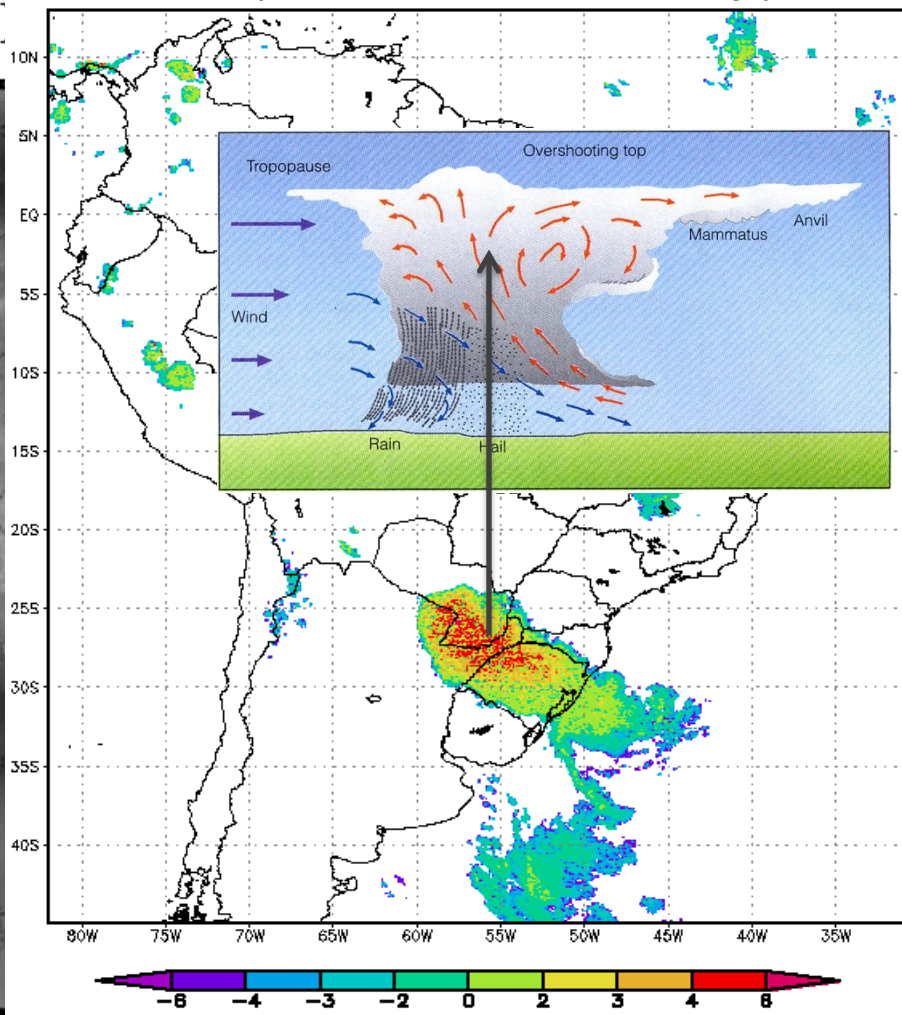
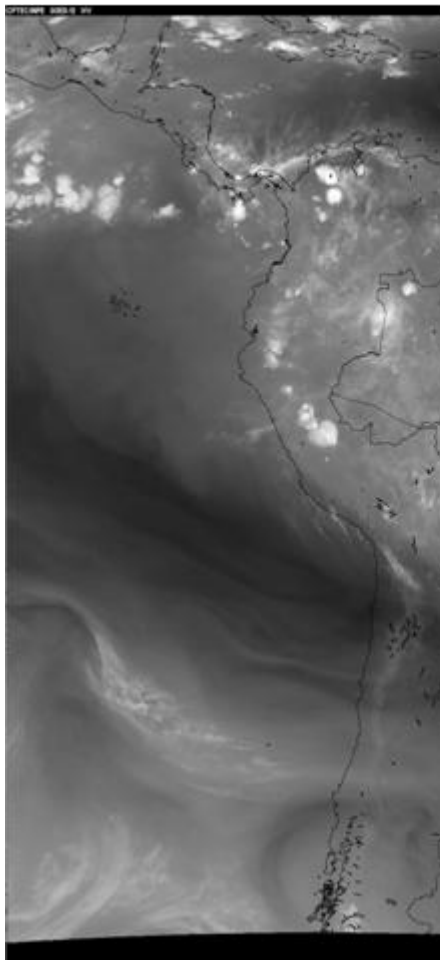


Results from Renato Galante Phd. Degree

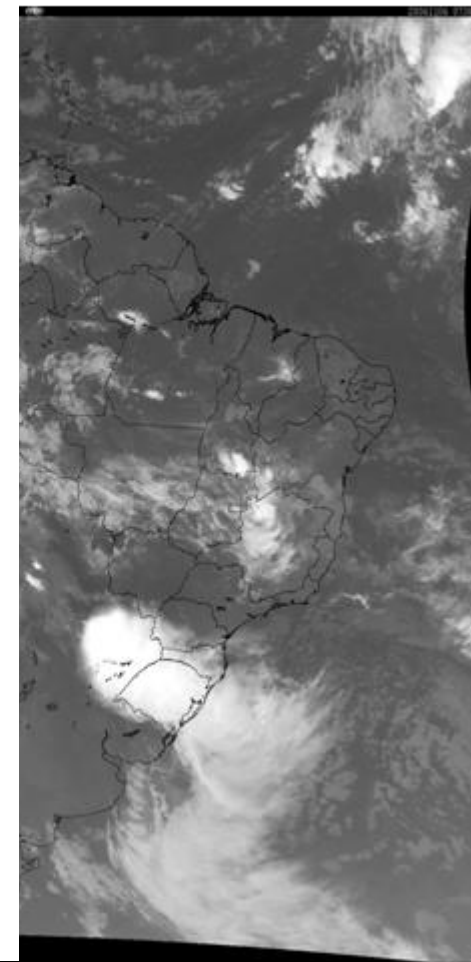
WV – IR Difference

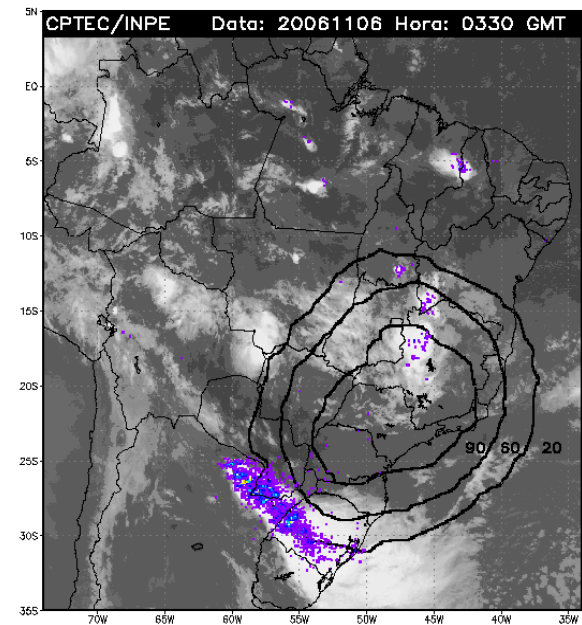
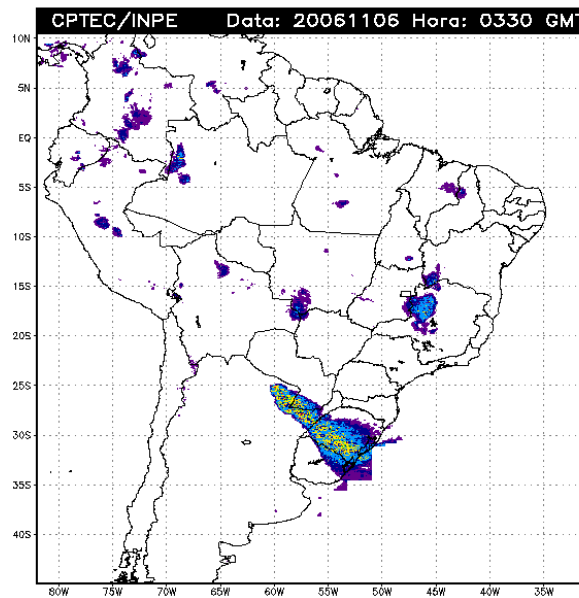
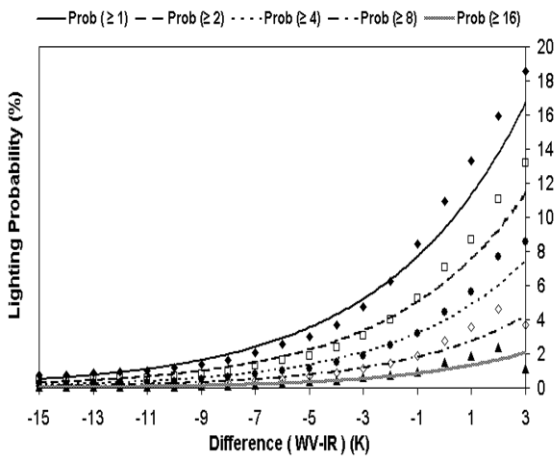
Campo da Diferença WV – IR (K)

CANA

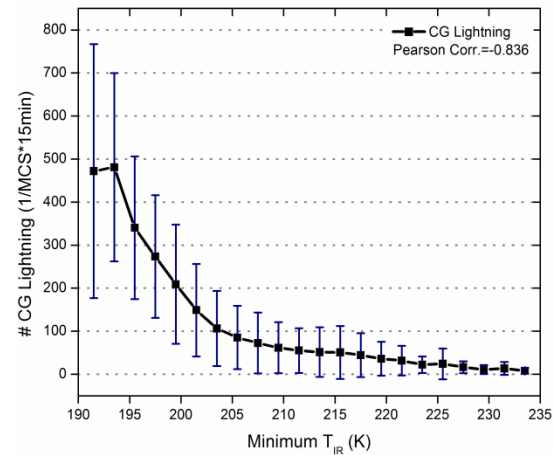
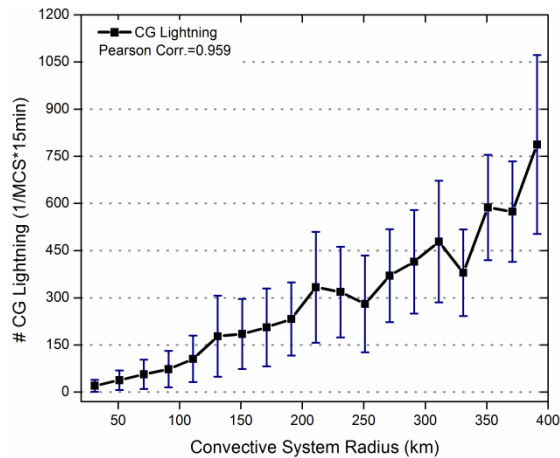
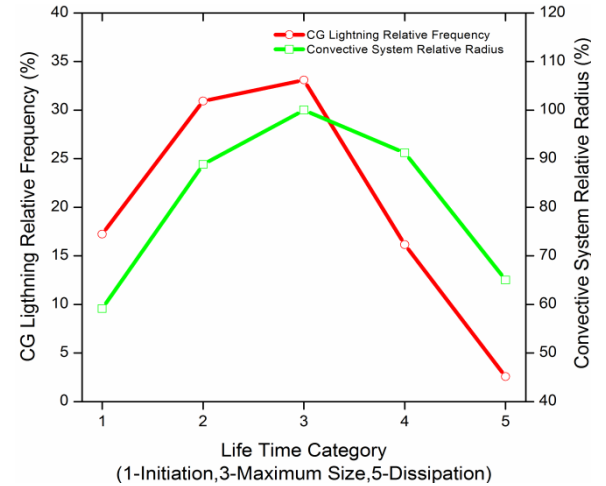
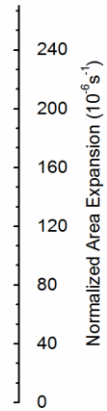
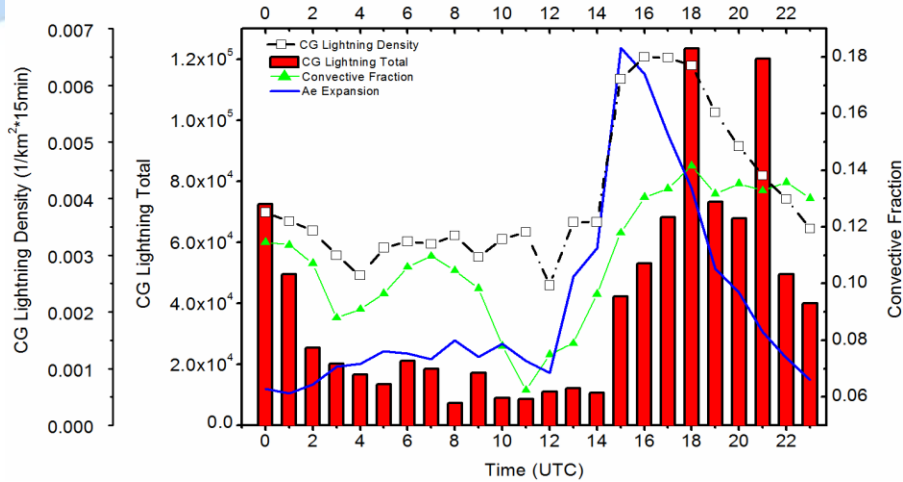


AL IR

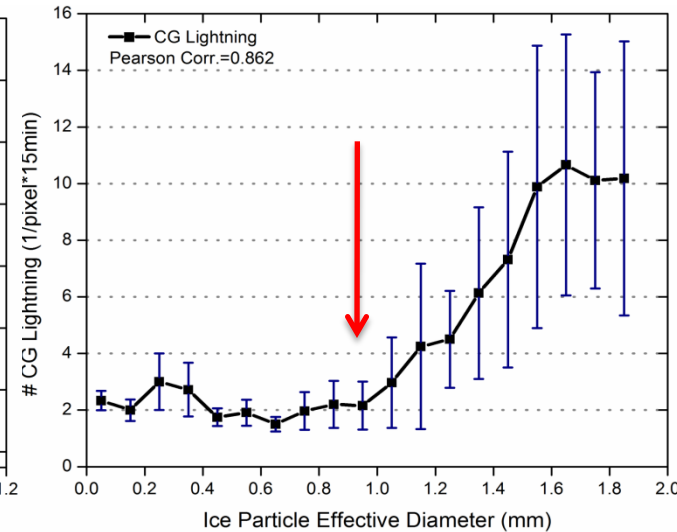
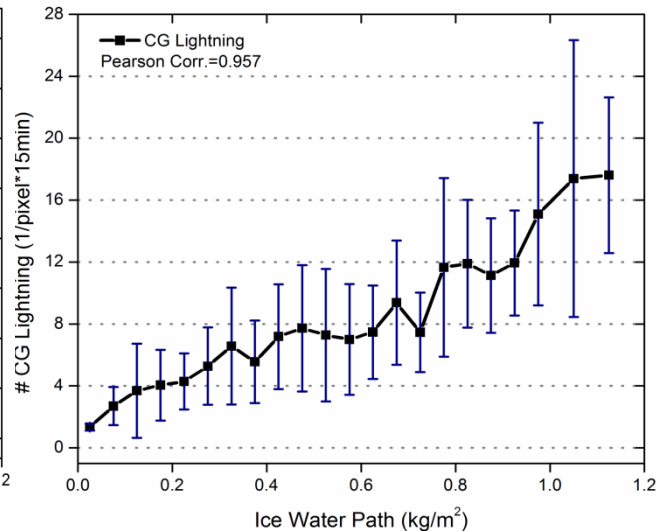
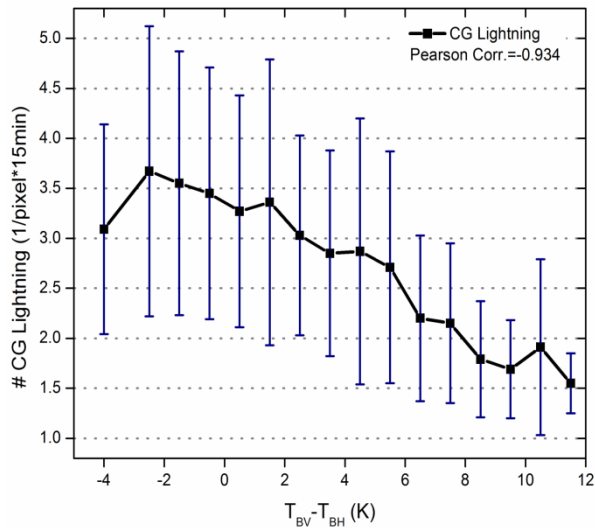




Machado et al., 2009, Atmos. Res.



Mattos and Machado, 2010 Submitted to Atmos. Res.



Variation of average and standard deviation of CG lightning occurrence in 15 minute intervals by pixel (# CG lightning/pixel*15min) as a function of (a) Ice Particle Effective Diameter (mm), (b) Ice Water Path (kg/m^3) and of the (c) polarized Temperature Difference at 85 GHz (TBV-TBH).

Mattos and Machado, 2010 Submitted to Atmos. Res.



Thank You

