

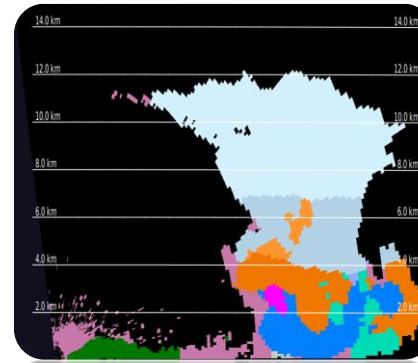
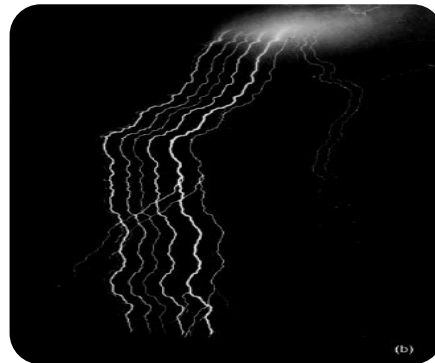
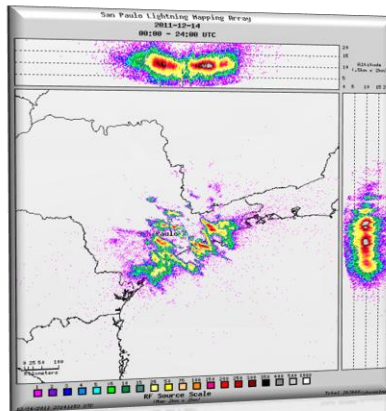


Characteristics of the X-Band Polarimetric Radar Associated With the Lightning Electrical Activity

Doctoral Thesis in Meteorology - INPE

Student: Msc. Enrique Vieira Mattos

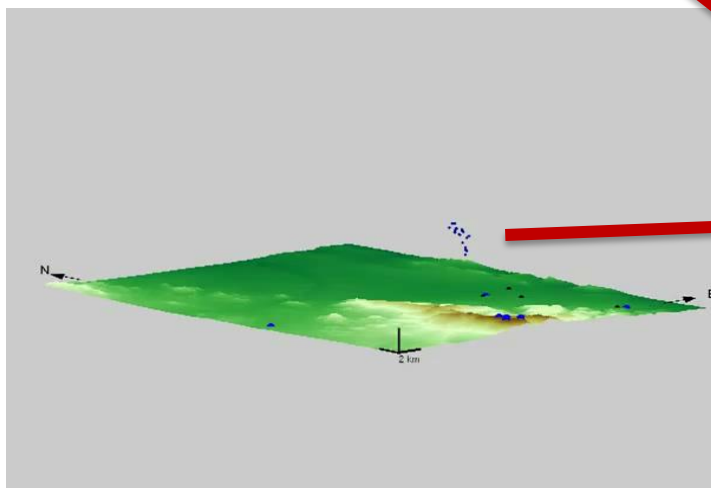
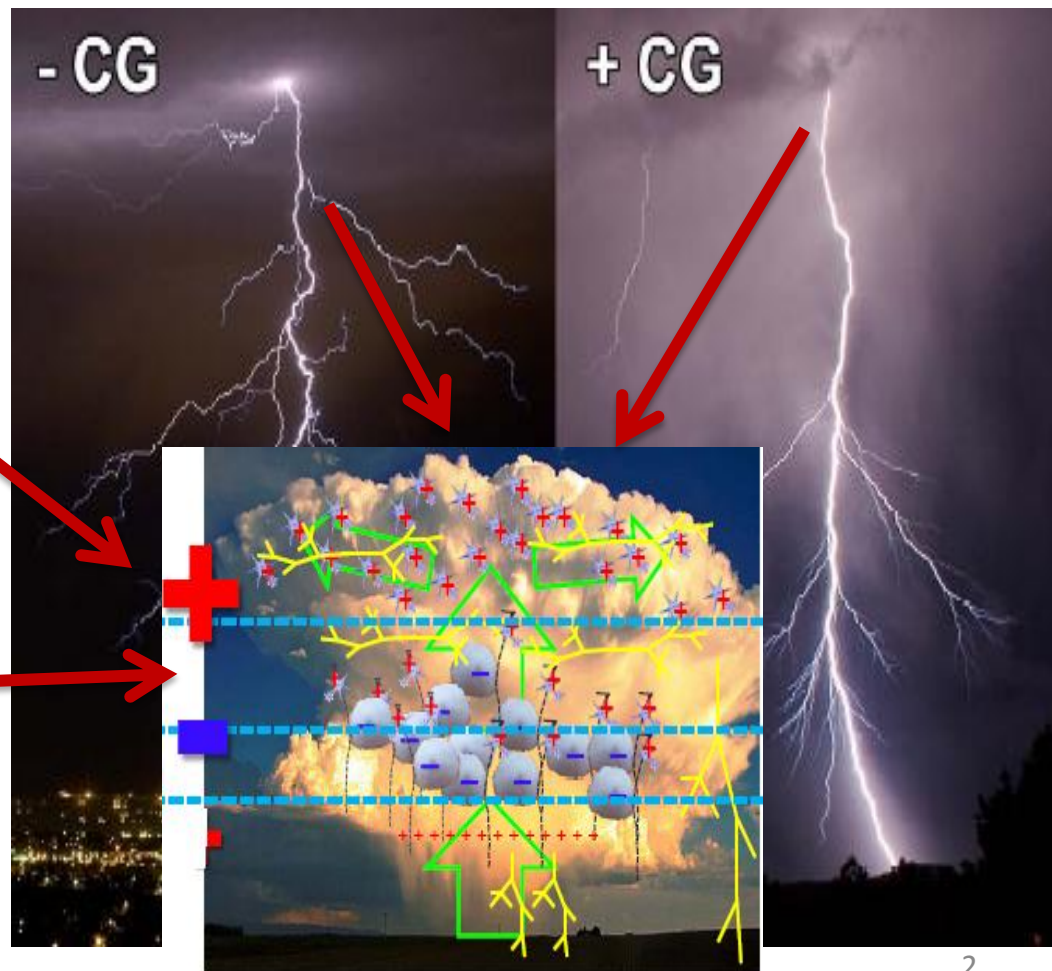
Advisor: Dr. Luiz Augusto Toledo Machado



IAG-USP São Paulo - May 10, 2013



SOME SCIENTIFIC QUESTIONS:



15/05/2013



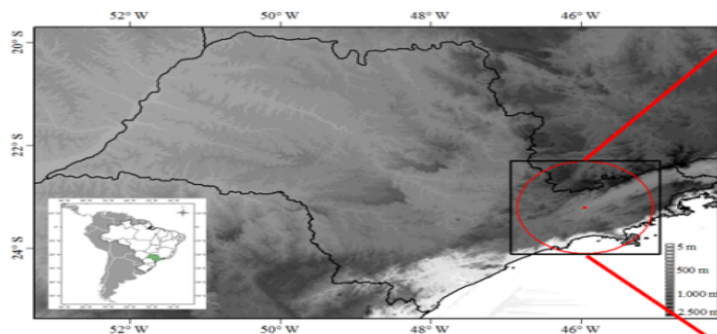
OBJECTIVE:

This work have the objective of the evaluate the impact of cloud microphysics on the intensity of lightning electrical activity

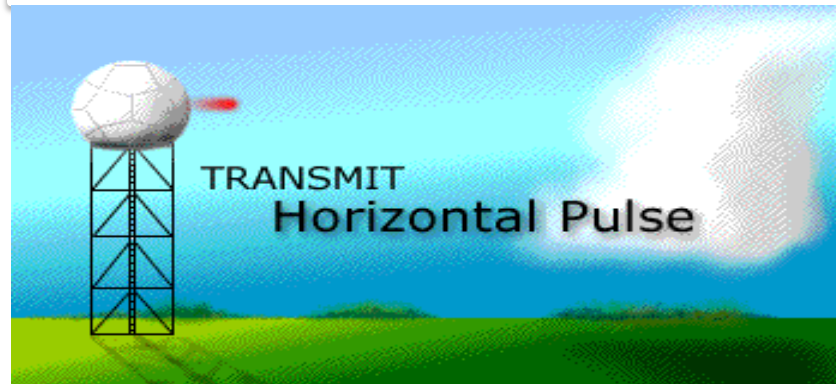


DATA DESCRIPTION:

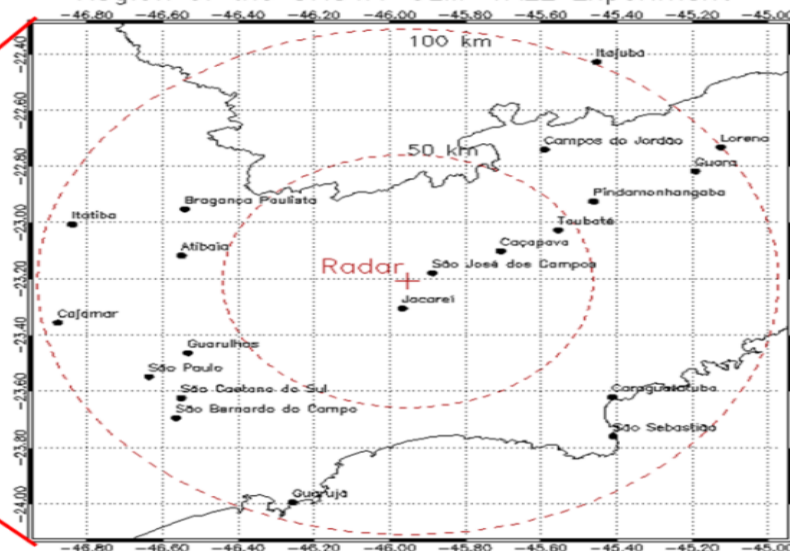
XPOL RADAR



EXPERIMENT: CHUVA-GLM-VALE (Nov/2011 to Mar/2012)



Region of the CHUVA-GLM-VALE Experiment





DATA: RADAR

(1) Radar xpol:

- (a) dBZ → LEVEL 1B
- (b) ZDR → LEVEL 1B
- (c) CORR → LEVEL 1A
- (d) KDP → LEVEL 1A

Correction #1: Wet radome
 (a) dBZ (Bechini et al. (2010))

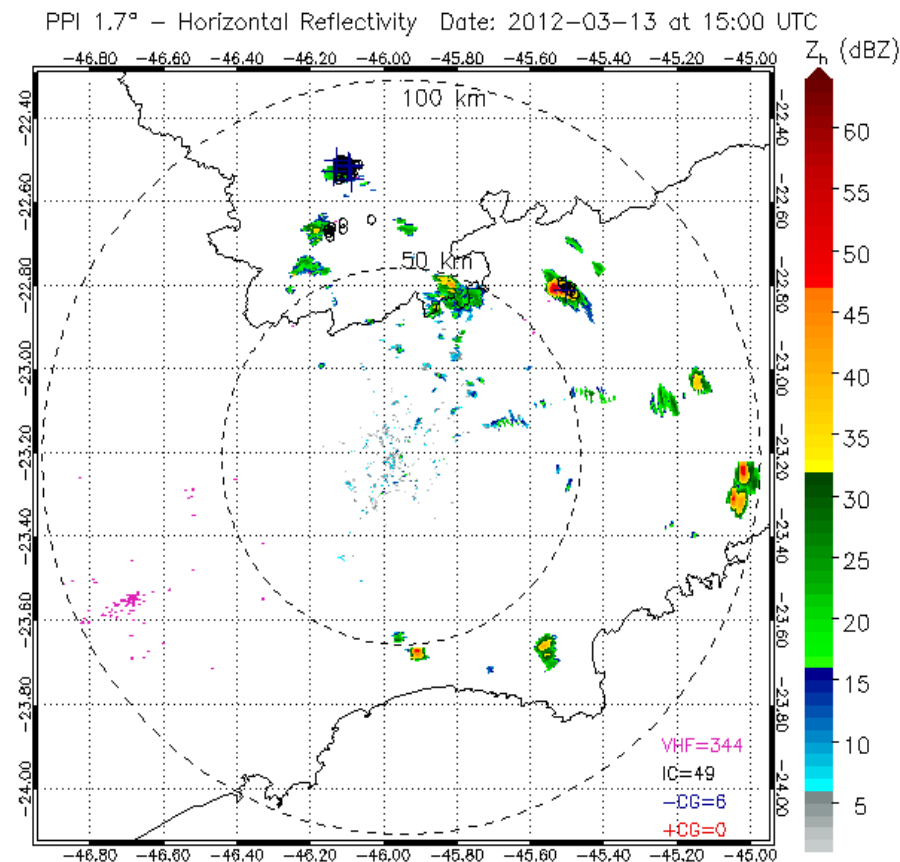
$$L_{rad} = 2(-0,34 + 1,61(r * R)^{1/3})$$

Correction #2:
 (a) ZDR (Sakuragi and Biscaro (2012))

Initial Period	Final Period	Offset (dB)
01/11/2011	11/12/2011	-0,271
12/12/2011	27/01/2012	-0,328
28/01/2012	31/03/2012	-0,587

15/05/2013

PPI for Second Elevation

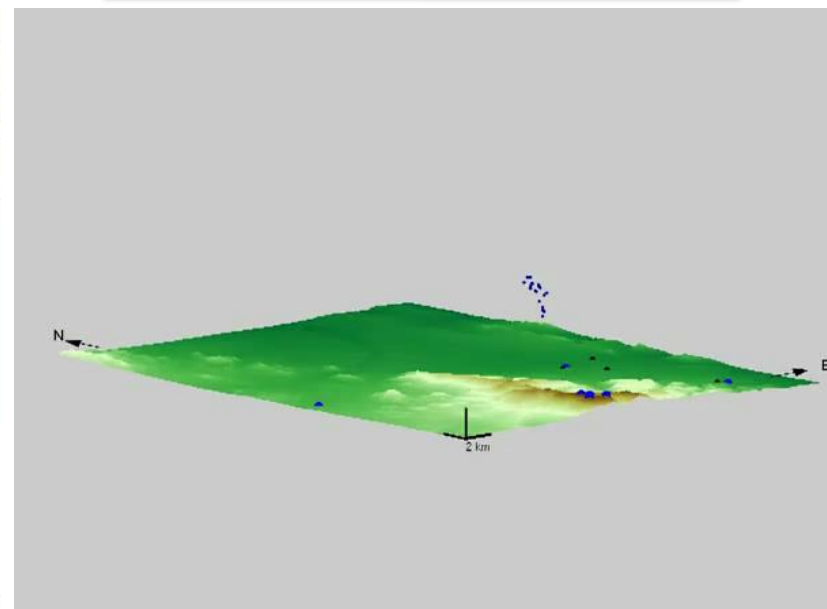
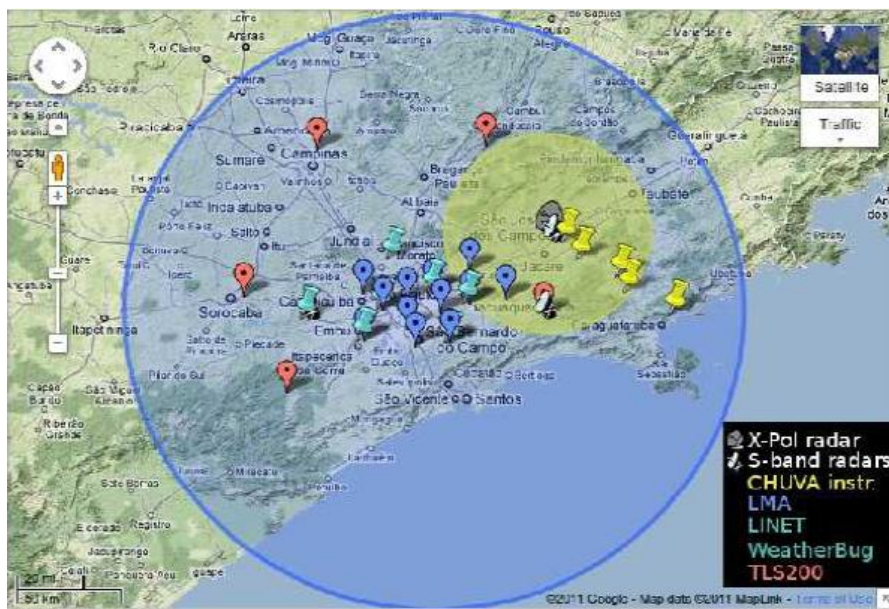




DATA: LIGHTNING

- (2a) LMA (*sources VHF) → LEVEL 1B
- (2b) Rindat (*CG,*PC) → LEVEL 1A
- (2c) BrasilDat (*IC,*CG,*PC) → LEVEL 1B

Example: Flash propagation using LMA data

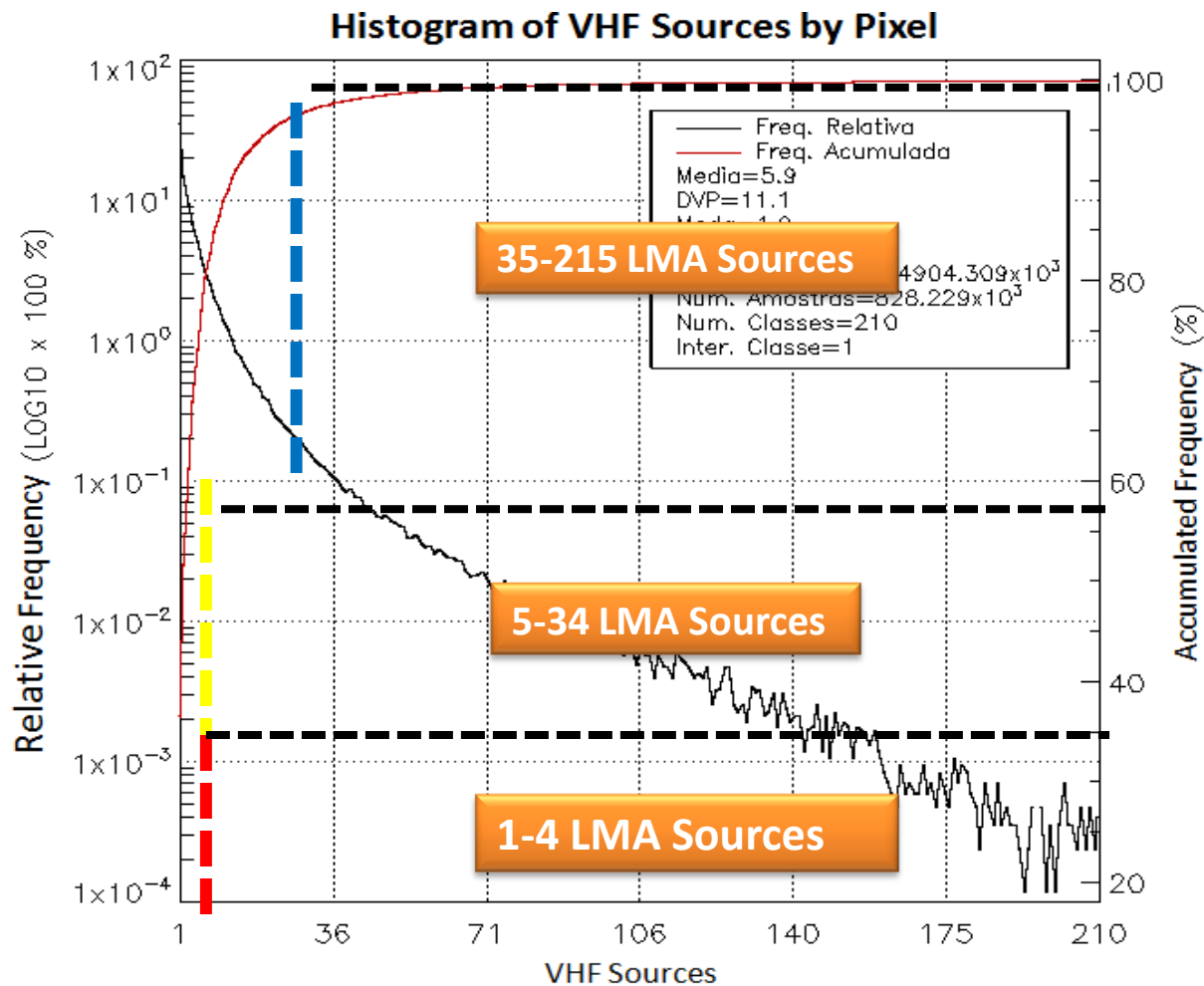


Courtesy from Rachel

ICAE Newsletter



RESULTS: LMA Distribution





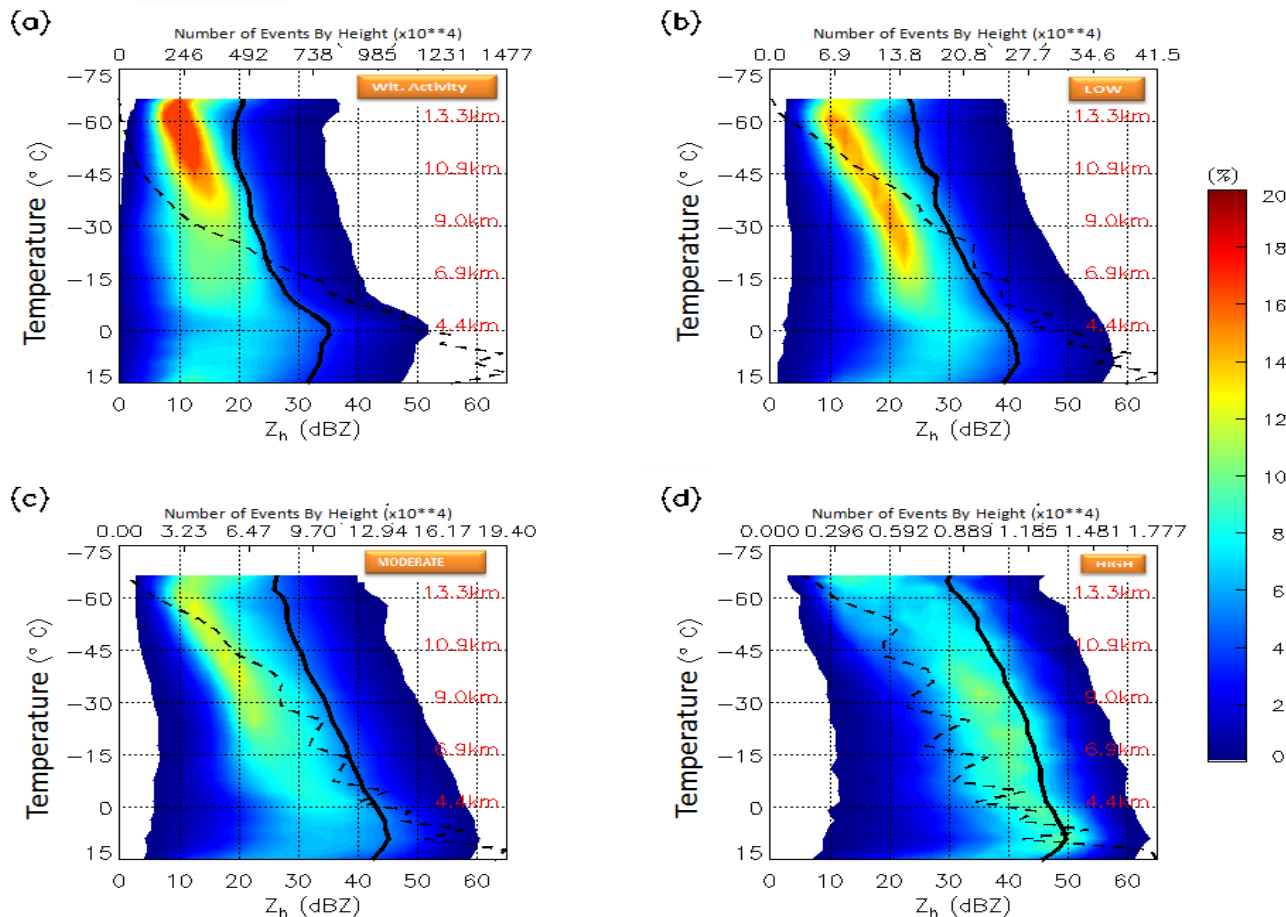
RESULTS: Amount of Lightning by LMA Sets

LMA Sets	Sets Intensity Namely	#Profile	#Sources	-CG	+CG	IN
0	Wit. Activity	24389612	0	2484	320	15502
1-4	Low	563543	1015778	3243	642	24989
5-34	Moderate	244342	2659489	6466	1994	60717
35-215	High	20356	1231596	3081	1185	29384



RESULTS: CFADS - DBZ

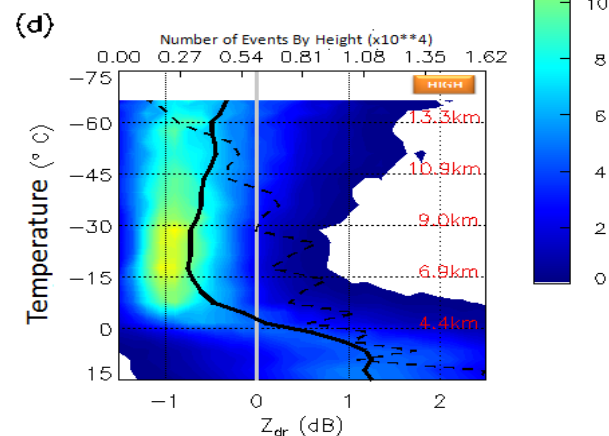
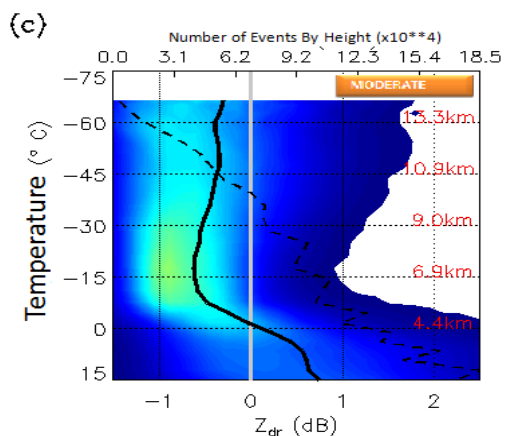
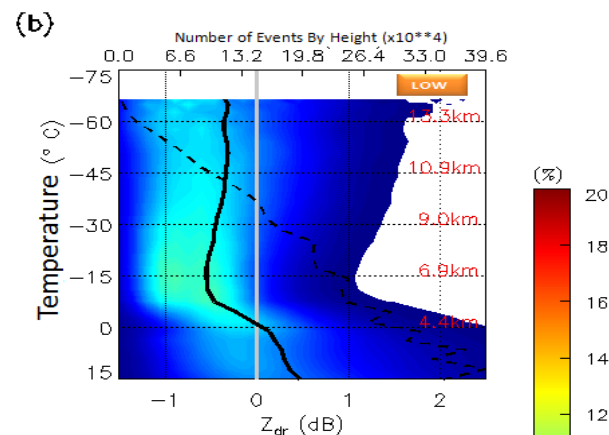
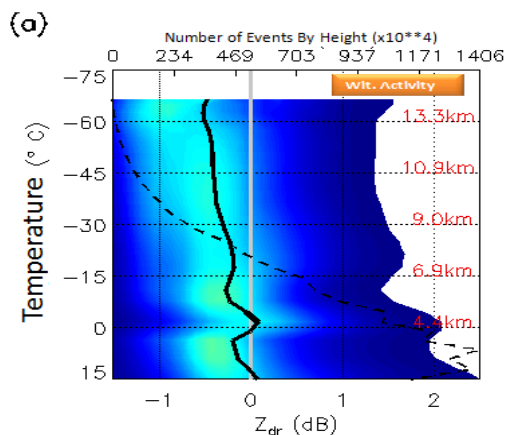
Distribution Shifts toward higher concentration of droplets





RESULTS: CFADS - ZDR

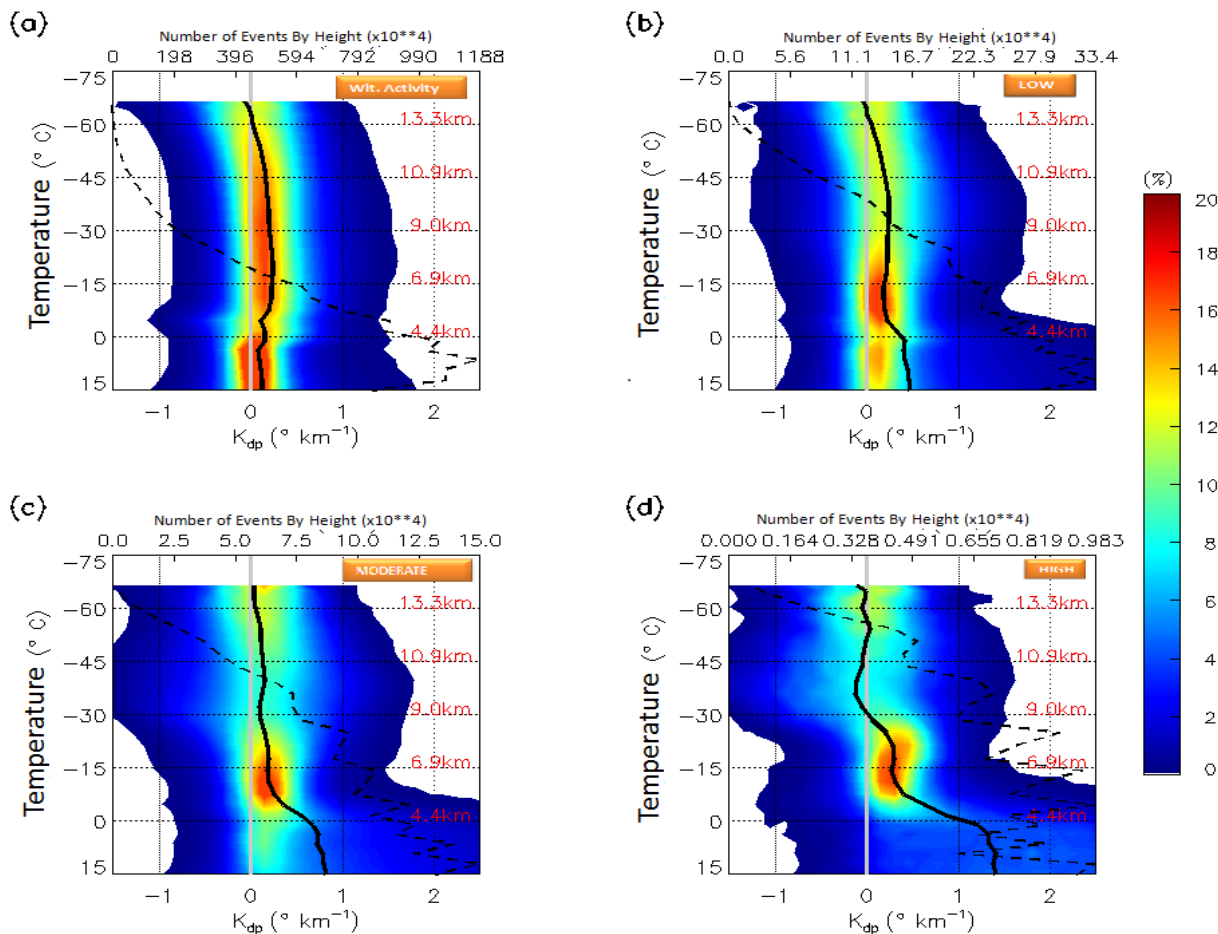
Distribution shifts toward negative ZDR and close ~7 Km





RESULTS: CFADS - KDP

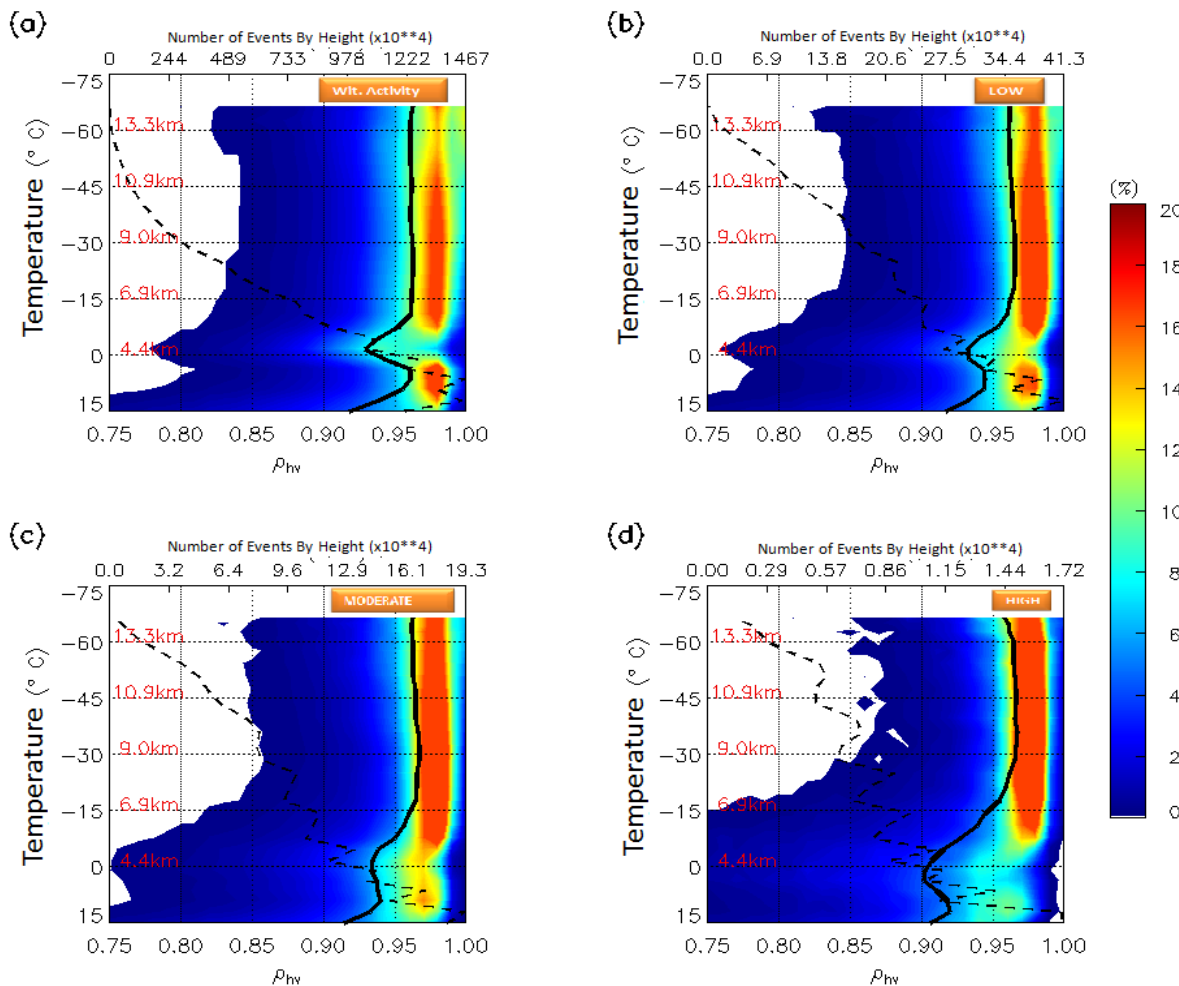
Higher Electrical Activity is associated with distribution of KDP with more negative values





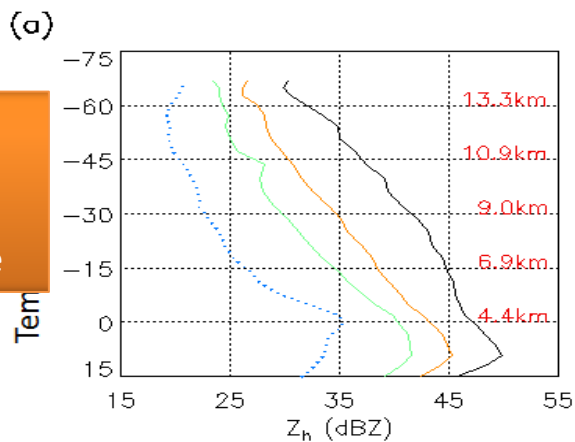
RESULTS: CFADS - CORRELATION

Higher Electrical Activity happens for highest values of Correlation Factor

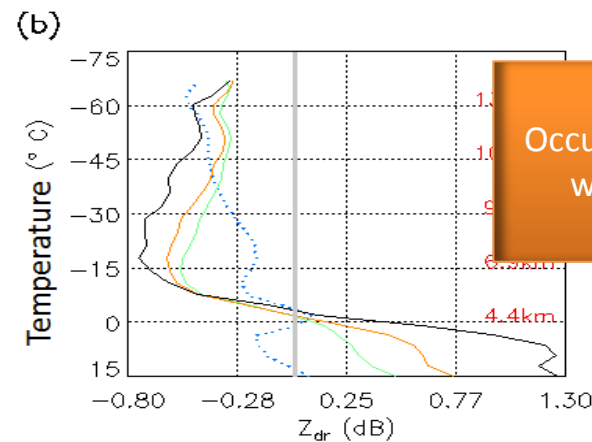




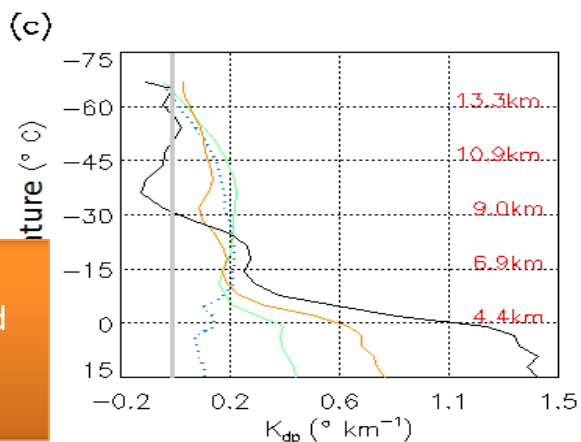
RESULTS: Vertical Profile of Polarimetric Variables



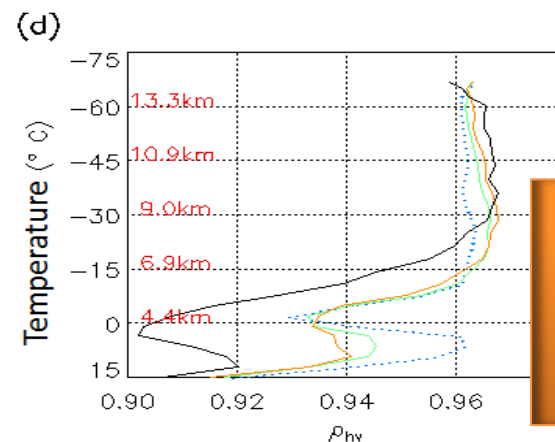
DBZ: Higher Occurrence associated with Convective Profile



ZDR: Higher Occurrence associated with Ice Aligned vertically



KDP: Electrical Activity associated with Oblatos hydrometeors



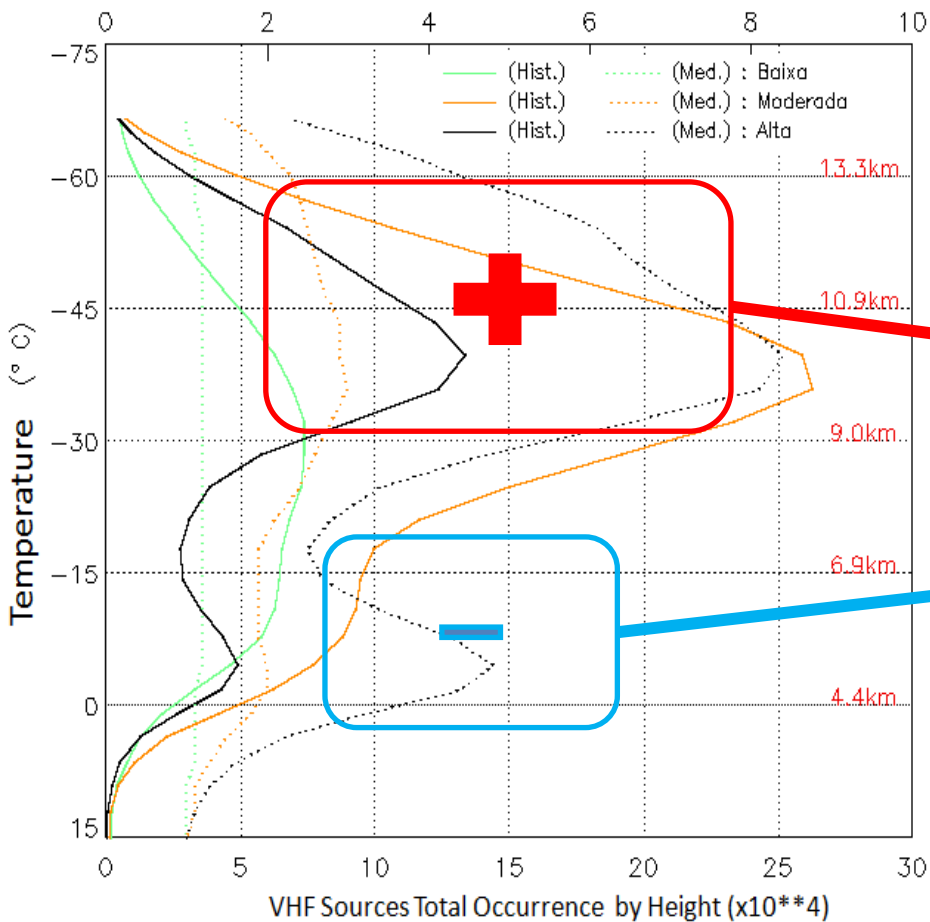
CORR: Warm Phase of cloud is very clear for Different steps of LMA. Cold Phase is more moderate

..... Wit. Activity — Low — Moderate — High

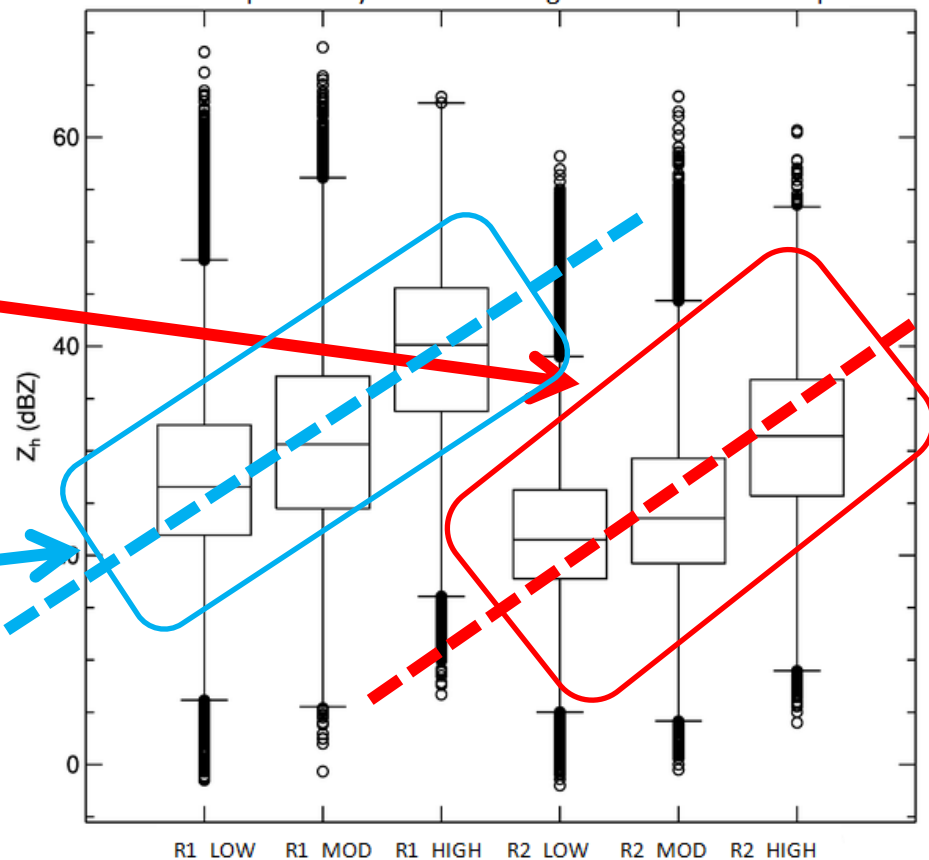


RESULTS: Electrical Charge Center

VHF Sources Average Occurrence by Height



Dispersion by Electrical Charge Center and LMA Steps





1) Distribution of VHF Sources has an logarithmic form

2) Convective Profile has a good signature for differentiate electrical activity

3) Higher Electrical Activity is more correlated with ice crystal aligned vertically or with the conical graupel

4) Eletrification is correlated for an kind of hydrometeor and has not good relationship with mix of ice/water together.

5) Polarimetrics variables has a good signature for indentifie the Negative and Positive Center of Electrical Charge



WORK IN PROGRESS:

Analysis for Polarimetrics Variables for intra-cloud lightning, Negative CG and Positive CG strokes

Create a Conceptual Model that describes the four “kind” of electrical activity in terms of Cloud Polarimetric Characteristics

•ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

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DSA

Divisão de Satélites e Sistemas Ambientais



**THANK YOU FOR
YOUR ATTENTION**